197

Departmental Examination of IPS & TPS Grade-II Officers, November, 2020.

Subject: Law Part-I (Without Books)

<u>Time allowed:</u> 3 hours Full marks: 100

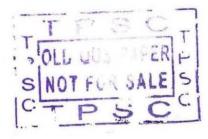
* Figures in the margin indicate full marks.

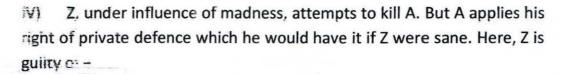


Group - F.

1. Answer all the following questions:-

- 2x10 = 20 marks
- !) Indian Evidence Act, 1872, does not apply to -
- a) Affidavits presented to any Court or officer;
- b) An Arbitration Proceedings:
- c) The Courts-martial convened under the Naval Discipline Act;
- d) All of above.
- II) The legal maxim de minimis non curat lex (the law takes no account of triffles or slight harm) is explained in which of the following lections-
- a) Section 511 of IPC;
- b) Section 27 of IPC;
- c) Section 95 of IPC;
- d) Section 91 IPC;
- III) Nothing is an offence which is done by a child under -
- a) 5 years;
- b) 6 years;
- c) 7 years;
- d) 8 years;





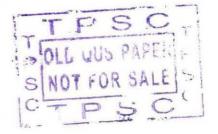


- a) No offence under Section 98 of IPC;
- Murder under Section 302 of IPC:
- c) Culpable Homicide not amounting to murder under Section 304 of IPC:
- d) Attempt to murder under Section 307 IPC;
- V) Definition of criminal conspiracy is provide in
 - a) Section 120A of IPC;
 - b) Section 489B of IPC:
 - c) Section 294A of IPC;
 - d) Section 171 C of IPC
- VI) A joins an insurrection against the Government of Tripura. Here A has committed an offence of
 - a) Waging war against Government;
 - b) Sedition;_ --
 - c) Criminal conspiracy;
 - d) No offence;
- VII) The Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973, came into force on
 - a) 19th June, 1973;
 - b) 25th January, 1974:
 - c) 1st April, 1974;
 - d) 21st January, 1972;
- VIII) The Court of Magistrate of the Second Class may pass a sentence of imprisonment for a term not exceeding
 - a) One year;
 - b) Two years;
 - c) Six months;
 - d) Three years;

- 汉) Relevancy of opinion of experts is provided in
 - a) Section 45 of the Indian Evidence Act;
 - b) Section 46 of the Indian Evidence Act:
 - c) Section 47 of the Indian Evidence Act;
 - d) Section 48 of the Indian Evidence Act;



- a) Examination-in-chief;
- b) Cross-examination:
- c) Re-examination;
- d) While recording statement under section 161 of Cr. P.C.;



group - B

Answer any 6(six) of the following questions:

5x6 = 30 marks

- 2) Explain Burden of Proof in the context of the Indian Evidence Act?
- 3) What is doctrine of alibi? Explain with provision.
- 4) What is the procedure by police to be followed upon seizure of property in view of the Cr.P.C.?
- 5) Distinguish between Investigation and Inquiry.
- 6) Can a Magistrate exercise his powers to arrest? Explain with the provision.
- 7) What are the ingredients to constitute an offence of "Giving False Evidence" under the IPC?
- 8) Define Criminal Intimidation with an illustration?
- 9) A obtains property from Z by saying "your child is in the hands of my gang, and will be put to death unless you send us ten thousand rupees" Whether A commits an offence of Extortion or Robbery? Explain.

Group - C

Answer any 5(five) of the following questions:

5 x 10 = 50 marks

- 10) Who are the various scientific experts as per Section 293 of Cr.P.C? How a report of Government scientific expert may be used as evidence?
- 11) What is the procedure to be followed in case an appeal lies from a conviction by a trial Court under section 374 of Cr.P.C?
- 12) Explain the concept of "may presume"; "shall presume" and "conclusive proof" in the context of Indian Evidence Act?
- 13) A, an officer of Police Department, being ordered by a Court of Law to arrest Y, and, after due enquiry, believing Z to be Y, arrests Z. Whether A has committed any offence? Explain with section under IPC.
- 14) Can a Police Officer take signature of a person making statement under section 161 of Cr.P.C? Please explain the provision including procedure of examination of witness by police.
- 15) Can a police officer arrest any person upon refusal to give name and residence by such person? Please elaborate with provision.
- 16) Explain the following in the context of IPC: (Any two)
- (a) M 'Naughton rules;
- (b) Doli incapax;
- (c) Volenti non fit injuria;
- 17) Explain the procedures of search by a Police Office...



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Departmental Examination of IPS & TPS Gr − II Officers, Nov

Subject: Law Part - II (With Books)

Time: Three Hours Full Marks - 100

GROUP-A

1. Answer all questions by opting out the correct option from the alternative

i) A detention order may be executed at any place in India in the manner provided under-

- a) Indian Penal Code, 1860.
- b) Code of Civil Procedure, 1908.
- c) Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973.
- d) Police Regulation, Bengal.
- ii) Who shall be the Chairperson of the Review Committee constituted under The Unlawful Activities (Prevention) Act, 1967
 - a) Chief Justice of India.

b) Prime Minister of India.

c) Judge of a High Court.

- d) Union Home Secretary, India.
- iii) Every offence punishable under The Essential Commodities Act, 1955 shall be
 - a) Cognizable.

b) Non-cognizable.

c) Bailable.

- d) Non-bailable.
- iv) Benefit of release of certain offenders after admonition by a Court shall not be extended for the offence committed under
 - a) Sec. 302 of IPC.

b) Sec. 420 of IPC.

c) Sec. 379 of IPC.

- d) Sec. 404 of IPC.
- v) "Captive animal" under The Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act, 1960, exclude
 - a) Wild animal.

b) Ferocious animal.

c) Animal.

- d) Domestic animal.
- vi) "omnibus" under The Motor Vehicles Act, 1988 means any motor vehicle constructed or adapted to carry more than
 - a) 5 person excluding the driver.
- b) 6 person excluding the driver.
- c) 7 person excluding the driver
- d) 8 person excluding the driver.
- vii) "Transfer of ownership" of a registered motor vehicle is provided under
 - a) Section 67 of the MV Act.
- b) Section 43 of the MV Act.
- c) Section 50 of the MV Act.
- d) Section 42 of the MV Act.
- viii) Duty of a Police Officer to keep order on public road is provided under Section
 - a) 31 of the Police Act.

b) 32 of the Police Act.

c) 33 of the Police Act.

- d) 34 of the Police Act.
- ix) Under which section of thr Cr.P.C., every investigating Police Officer needs to record day by day entires in case diary
 - a) Section 176.
- b) Section 172.
- c) Section 173.
- d) Section 170.
- x) Under the Children Act, 1960, every Children's Court shall be assisted by a panel of
 - a) Two honourary Social Workers.
- b) One honourary Social Worker.
- c) Three honourary Social Workers.
- d) None of the above.

GROUP-B

Answer any 6(Six) questions.

5X6 30

- 2. What is the penalty for unsing forged passport?
- 3. Define "explosive" in terms of the Explosives Act? Discuss the provision for forfeiture of explosives?
- 4. Can a Police Officer demand the production, from any person, of a licence to carry arms? Discuss the provision?
- 5. State the constitution of the Committee, Sub-committe under the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act, 1960?
- 6. Can a person, detained for breaching the national security, be released without condition? Please discuss?
- 7. What is the punishment prescribed for causing explosion likely to endanger life or property?
- 8. Can Licencing Authority revoke a driving licence on the ground of disability? Elaborate with provision?
- 9. What is the penalty for causing disaffection upon incitement? Discuss with provision.

GROUP-C

Answer any 5(1) ive) questions.

10X5-50

- 10. Who can qualify as a Probation Officer? What are the duties of a Probation Officer?
- 11. What is the procedure for confiscation of essential commodity?
- 12. What are the special powers given to the member of the armed forces deployed at the State of Tripura? Please elaborate.
- 13. What are the circustances in which a person may be detained for breaching National security?
- 14. Discuss the grounds for treating animals cruelly?

15. Who is an "anti social" as defined under the Tripura Security Λ ct, 1980? What is the process for externment etc. of anti-socials?

16. How a foreigner can enter into into India? On what grounds a foreigner can be refused to enter into India? Discuss.

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Departmental Examination of IPS/TPS Grade-II Officers, November 2020 Subject: Accounts- Part-I (Without Books)

Time Allowed: - 3 (Three) Hours

Full Marks-100

Figures in the margin indicate full marks

Group-A

1. Answer the following questions:

 $2 \times 10 = 20$

- (a) What are the differences between 'Banking' and 'Non-Banking' treasuries?
- (b) What is the basis of maintaining account books on the double entry system in the commercial system of accounts?
- (c) Which are the incidental objects of commercial audit?
- (d) Transactions pertaining to Public Accounts of Union Territory Governments are accounted under which Accounts?
- (e) For what purpose sinking funds are generally constituted by Government?
- (f) Under which situation, relating to the Audit of Investments, the Audit Officer is required to take up promptly with the Government?
- (g) Who maintained complete accounts of the Central Government and of each of the State Governments with the Reserve Bank?
- (h) Transactions connected with which fund set up by Government of India or of a State or Union Territory are recorded in Part II of the Government Accounts?
- (i) The detailed head in the Government Accounts constitutes what?
- (j) What are the checks to be applied in audit of repayment?

Group-B

Answer any 6 (six) of the following questions:

5 X 6= 30

- 2. On which occasion a fresh slip to a State Gazetted officer is issued from the Accountant General's office?
- 3. What are the points are to be seen while conducting monthly check/review of ledger cards maintained for Provident Fund Accounts?
- 4. What are the points to be seen in relation to the transactions pertaining to Reserves and Reserve Funds?
- 5. Describe the functions entrusted to the treasury.
- 6. What are the actions to be taken on receipt of revised nomination under the Provident Fund Rules?
- 7. What is the basis of classification of transactions in Government accounts?
- 8. What are the procedures to be followed for transfer of place of payment of pension?
- 9. Describe the duties of audit in connection with transactions under Suspense Head.

Group-C

Answer any 5 (five) of the following questions:

 $10 \times 5 = 50$

- 10. Describe in brief about the codification of Heads of Accounts.
- 11. Mention the procedure of Commercial Audit.
- 12. Mention the main concepts applicable to commercial accounts.
- 13. Enumerate the main principles governing the allocation of expenditure on a Capital Scheme between Capital and Revenue accounts.
- 14. Write a short note on treasury inspection.
- 15. Write a brief on the process of compilation in the State Accountant General's office.
- 16. Narrate the procedure followed for payment of Death-cum-Retirement Gratuity.

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Departmental Examination of IPS & TPS Grade-II Officers _ NOVEMBER_2020

Subject:- Criminology (Without Books)
Time allowed :- 3 (three) Hours

Full Marks: - 100

Figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Group-A

Answer the following questions :

2x10=20

- a. What is the object of Test Identification (TI) Parade?
- b. Define 'Shock'.
- c. Who are Psychotic Criminals?
- d. What is a Striation Mark?
- e. Define 'Juvenile in Conflict with Law' .
- f. Write 2 (Two) basic objectives of Parole.

Fill in the blank in the answer sheet for the Q. No. g

g. Permanent disfiguration of head is an example of ______ injury

Write "True" or "False" in the answer sheet for the Q. No. h,i ,j.

- h. Line of Redness is present in Post-Mortem burns.
- i. Alcohol is a well known stimulant but is a selective depressant.
- j. Firmly coagulated blood in wounds and tissues are present in case of post-mortem wounds

Group-B

Answer any 6(six) Questions:

5x6 = 30

- 2. Please write the difference between Incised wounds and Lacerated wounds.
- 3. When the administration of poison is a criminal offence? Please write point wise.
- 4. What is Crime Record? What are the purposes of maintaining Crime Record?
- 5. How the Range of fire can be determined?
- 6. What are the significance of blood or blood stain as evidence of a scene of crime?
- 7. What are the informations that can be gathered by examining fibre?
- 8. Write the differences between Rigor mortis and Cadaveric spasm?
- 9. The study of modus operandi helps the Police Officers to a great extent Please explain.

Group-C

Answer any 5 (five) questions

10x5=50

- 10. Please write about the utility of visiting Scene of Crime.
- 11. What are the characteristics of document required to detect forgery?
- 12. "An Investigating Officer must possess certain essential qualities which are very important to determine the fate of a case". Please explain the qualities.
- 13. Please write the characteristics of Professional Criminals and mention the types of Habitual Criminals.
- 14. What are the typical applications of Infra-Red Rays?
- 15. Please mention different types of witnesses and their interrogation techniques in short.
- 16. Please mention the importance of fingerprints and its classification.

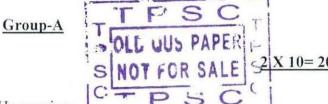


Departmental Examination of IPS/TPS Grade-II Officers, November 2020 Subject: Accounts- Part-II (With Books)

Time Allowed: - 3 (Three) Hours

Full Marks- 100

Figures in the margin indicate full marks



1. Answer the following questions:

- (a) Distinguish between Fee and Honorarium.
- (b) Distinguish between 'Identical Time Scale' and 'Same Time-Scale'
- (c) What is the difference between 'Pay' and 'Substantive Pay'?
- (d) In what circumstances may a Government servant be transferred to another post carrying a lesser pay?
- (e) A Government servant dies while under suspension before the proceedings are completed. What are the rules providing for treatment of the period of suspension in such a case?
- (f) What is an ex parte enquiry?
- (g) What are the essential conditions governing expenditure from public funds?
- (h) As per DFPRT 2019, what is the maximum power delegated to the Additional Superintendent of Police for incurring entertainment charges per month?
- (i) What is censure?
- (j) A female Government servant applied for maternity leave on the basis of a Medical Certificate confirming threatened abortion. Comment.

Group-B

Answer any 6 (six) of the following questions:

5 X 6= 30

- 2. Does time spent on leave count as pensionable service? If so, to what extent and under what condition?
- 3. Enumerate the services /Staff who do not come under CCS (CCA) Rules, 1965.
- 4. Mention any five cases where prior concurrence of the Finance Department is required.
- 5. What is the complaint mechanism in case of sexual harassment of working women? What is the composition of the complaints committee?
- 6. What are the rules regarding participation of Government servant in any demonstration and strikes?
- 7. According to DFPRT 2019, what are the financial ceilings up to which rates and terms of contract for purchase of store / service contracts / execution of works may be recommended by various committees at different levels?
- 8. What is the effect of dismissal or removal from service on pension and gratuity?
- 9. In what circumstances and by whom can a resignation be allowed to be withdrawn?

Answer any 5 (five) of the following questions:

 $10 \times 5 = 50$

- 10. Describe the duties of DDOs in maintenance of Government money and handling of cash. How any rectification in a cash book carried out? How a time barred cheque is revalidated?
- 11. What is a bill and what purpose does it serve? How bills prepared and what are the instructions to be observed?
- 12. As per DFPRT 2019, what are the procedures to be followed for procurement of materials through Government e-Marketplace (GeM)?
- 13. "Every officer incurring or authorising expenditure from public funds should be guided by the high standards of financial propriety". What are these standards?
- 14. Enumerate the general principles that should be observed while entering into contracts.
- 15. What are the instructions to be followed in the disposal of surplus and unserviceable stores?
- 16. What are the steps to be followed for conduct of enquiry in complaints of sexual harassment?

