

DEPARTMENTAL EXAMINATION OF IAS/TCS - Gr. II OFFICERS

Sub: Criminal Law and Procedure (Law Paper I) (Without Books)

Time Allowed: 3 (Three) Hours

Full Marks: 100

Figures in the margin indicate full marks

Answer Question No. 1 of Group A, 6 (six) questions from Group B and 5 questions from Group C

(Group A)

1. Answer the following questions:

(2X10)

(Answer to the questions shall be only in the form of either 'Yes' or 'No'. Elaborate answer should not be given)

- (i) An Assistant Sub-Inspector of Police made a request to a Medical Practitioner for medical examination of a person arrested on the charge of committing an offence. Is it lawful for the Medical Practitioner to examine the person?
- (ii) 'P', a six years six months old boy steals an article from possession of 'S', a shop keeper. Can 'P' be prosecuted for committing the offence of theft?
- (iii) Can a Police officer superior in rank to an officer-in-charge of a Police Station exercise the same powers, throughout the local area to which he is appointed, as may be exercised by such officer within the limits of his station?
- (iv) 'A' is at work with a hatchet, the head flies off and kills a man who was standing by, despite caution on the part of A. Has A committed any offence?

- (v) Is it consent, if such consent is given by a person under fear of injury or under misconception of fact?
- (vi) Is a 'Chowkider', appointed for keeping watch on public property as engaged by the Police Administration, is a public servant?
- (vii) Shall a Court presume a 'power-of-attorney' as to have been executed before a Notary Public was properly authenticated?
- (viii) In a great fire, 'A' pulls down houses in order to prevent conflagration spreading. Has 'A; committed any offence?
- (ix) An Arbitrator is legally authorized to take evidence. Is it a Court within the meaning of the Indian Evidence Act?
- (x) Are the records maintained by the Ward Office of Municipal Corporation public document?

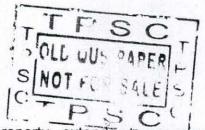
(GROUP - B)

[Answer any 6 (six) questions]

6X5=30

- 2. When armed forces can be used to disperse unlawful assembly?
- Is an Executive Magistrate authorized to pas an injunction order pending inquiry under section 133 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973? Discuss citing the relevant provisions of law.
- 4. Describe the procedure to be followed by police upon seizure of property under the provisions of Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973?
- 5. What do you mean by the term 'voluntary' as defined in the Indian Penal Code? Give an illustration.





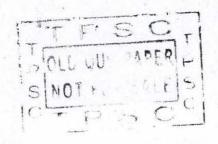
- 6. When the right of private defense of property extends to causing death?
- 7. Define the term 'criminal conspiracy'. What is the punishment prescribed for criminal conspiracy in the Indian Penal Code?
- 8. What are the provisions relating to taking presumption in case of 'dowry death' under the provisions of the Indian Evidence Act?
- 9. Whether a witness can be excused from answering on the ground that the answer would incriminate him? Discuss relevant provisions of law available in the Indian Evidence Act.

(GROUP C)

[Answer any 5 (five) questions]

10x5=50

- How arrest is made? What is the special procedure to be followed for causing arrest of woman? Discuss.
- 11. When an Executive Magistrate can exercise his power to attach subject of dispute and to appoint receiver? When and what order is to be passed in exercise of such power?
- 12. What are the laws relating to prohibition in carrying arms in procession or mass drill or mass training with arms under the Criminal Procedure Code, 1973?
- 13. Define the term 'Document' as provided in the Indian penal Code.
- 14. What do you mean by 'giving false evidence'? Discuss with illustration as provided in the Indian Penal Code.



- 15. What are the restrictions regarding making disclosure of professional communications in giving evidence as provided in the Indian Evidence Act? Discuss.
- 16. What do you mean by 'leading question'? When leading question may or may not be asked and by whom? Discuss.

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